1. Which of the following is NOT a U.S. House of Representative Committee?
   a. Ways and Means
   b. Government Reform
   c. Small Business
   d. Health, Education, Labor and Pensions (HELP)
   e. Energy and Commerce

2. True or False. Majority party in each house has control over Committee Chairmanship.
   a. True
   b. False

3. Committee Chairs can do which of the following:
   a. Hold a hearing on a bill
   b. Send the bill to the full House or Senate for a floor vote
   c. Bypass the committee and bring legislation directly to the floor
   d. A & B

4. How long does the President have to sign a bill into law or to veto the bill?
   a. 10 days
   b. 30 days
   c. 60 days
   d. 90 days
   e. Next legislative session

5. The slate is wiped clean and unfinished bills must be reintroduced to Congress after what time period?
   a. 30 days
   b. 90 days
   c. End of First Congressional session
   d. End of Second Congressional session

6. Passage of most bills in the House requires which of the following?
   a. Simple majority
   b. Complex majority
   c. 2/3 majority
   d. Unanimous decision

7. Which of the following is true?
   a. If the House and Senate pass two different versions of the same bill then the Senate version will go to the President for signature
   b. If the House and Senate pass two different versions of the same bill then a Conference Committee will be developed
   c. The President has 30 days to sign a bill into law or to veto the bill
d. A vetoed bill can become law if it has unanimous approval from both the House and Senate

8. Name which committees in House and Senate affect healthcare:
   a. House Committee(s):
   
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________

   b. Senate Committee(s):
   
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________

9. Identify one “local” and one “national” issue you have identified in caring for patients and suggest one way in which you could advocate for positive change.
   a. Issue #1:
   
   ____________________________

   b. Issue #2:
   
   ____________________________

   c. Advocacy:
   
   ____________________________

10. Who is your U.S. House/Senate Representatives:
    a. House Representative: _________________________________
    b. Senate Representative: _________________________________

11. Which of the following describes a way in which a physician can be an advocate?
    a. Be knowledgeable and stay informed
    b. Call or email legislators
    c. Participation in national organizations such as ACOG
    d. All of the above